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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/601,453	06/23/2003	Yoshihiro Yazawa	1116-03	9728
35811 IP GROUP OF	7590 06/15/2007 DLA PIPER US LLP		EXAMINER	
ONE LIBERTY	Y PLACE		LAVILLA, MICHAEL E	
1650 MARKET ST, SUITE 4900 PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1775	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/15/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
. Office Astion Occasion	10/601,453	YAZAWA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
·	Michael La Villa	1775			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of the state of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Ma This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ice except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims		r			
 4) Claim(s) 1,2,5,17,18,21 and 29-48 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) 30-40 and 42-48 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,2,5,17,18,21,29 and 41 is/are rejected 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	rn from consideration.				
Application Papers		·			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 23 June 2003 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	accepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is objected to be accepted.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - i. A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
- 3. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 4. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 5. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 6. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 7. Claims 1, 2, 5, 17, 18, 21, 29, and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakamoto et al. WO 02/099154. Sakamoto teaches seam welding a stainless steel sheet having a paint layer as claimed. See translation of Sakamoto in USPA 2003/0196715 (Abstract; paragraphs 39, 40, 6872, 80-86; and Table 3). Sakamoto may not exemplify the range of Cr contents in the steel of Sakamoto, but does suggests a wide range comparable to the claimed range. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to fabricate the laminates of Sakamoto with steels having any of the suggested amounts of Cr as these are described as effective.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to vary the amount of zinc powder with amounts as low as 68 weight percent since Sakamoto suggests that these amounts of powder may be utilized. See Sakamoto in USPA 2003/0196715 (paragraph 82). Applicant has demonstrated that such relative mass amounts of zinc powder would be expected to satisfy the claimed volume percentage of zinc powder. Sakamoto teaches that metal powder further alloyed with aluminum and/or magnesium is effective. See Sakamoto USPA 2003/0196715 (Table 2). With respect to Claims 29 and 41, Sakamoto may not exemplify the claimed functional agents. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include any traditional processing agents in the paint of Sakamoto, including those claimed, in order to confer optimal processing on the article of Sakamoto. It is noted that no particular amounts or chemical compositions of these agents are claimed.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 30-40 and 42-48 are allowed.

Response to Amendment

9. In view of applicant's amendments and arguments, the claim objections, the section 112, first paragraph rejection, and the section 112, second paragraph rejection of the Office Action mailed on 4 January 2007 are overcome and therefore withdrawn.

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10. In view of applicant's amendments and arguments, applicant traverses the section 103 rejection over Sakamoto of the Office Action mailed on 4 January 2007. Applicant argues that Sakamoto does not render obvious the claimed weight percentage of zinc powder. It is recognized that this argument was previously found persuasive. However, further review of the teachings of Sakamoto reveals that Sakamoto teaches and suggests weight percentages at least as low as 68 weight percent. Hence, the rejection is maintained, and the reference is applied to other claims for the reasons set forth above.

Conclusion

- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael La Villa whose telephone number is (571) 272-1539. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.
- 12. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jennifer McNeil can be reached on (571) 272-1540. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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13. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michael La Villa 9 June 2007

> MICHAEL E. LAVILLA PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER